Tutorial Sheet No. 7: Maxima, Minima, Saddle Points

- (1) Let $F(x, y, z) = x^2 + 2xy y^2 + z^2$. Find the gradient of F at (1, -1, 3) and the equations of the tangent plane and the normal line to the surface F(x, y, z) = 7 at (1, -1, 3).
- (2) Find $D_{\underline{u}}F(2,2,1)$, where F(x,y,z) = 3x 5y + 2z, and \underline{u} is the unit vector in the direction of the outward normal to the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ at (2,2,1).

(3) Given
$$\sin(x+y) + \sin(y+z) = 1$$
, find $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}$, provided $\cos(y+z) \neq 0$.

(4) If f(0,0) = 0 and

$$f(x,y) = xy \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$$
 for $(x,y) \neq (0,0)$,

show that both f_{xy} and f_{yx} exist at (0,0), but they are not equal. Are f_{xy} and f_{yx} continuous at (0,0)?

(5) Show that the following functions have local minima at the indicated points.

(i)
$$f(x,y) = x^4 + y^4 + 4x - 32y - 7$$
, $(x_0, y_0) = (-1, 2)$

(ii)
$$f(x,y) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2xy + 5y^2 - 4y^3$$
, $(x_0, y_0) = (0,0)$

(6) Analyze the following functions for local maxima, local minima and saddle points :

(i)
$$f(x,y) = (x^2 - y^2)e^{-(x^2 + y^2)/2}$$
 (ii) $f(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy^2$

(7) Find the absolute maximum and the absolute minimum of

$$f(x, y) = (x^2 - 4x) \cos y$$
 for $1 \le x \le 3, -\pi/4 \le y \le \pi/4$.

- (8) The temperature at a point (x, y, z) in 3-space is given by T(x, y, z) = 400xyz. Find the highest temperature on the unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.
- (9) Maximize the f(x, y, z) = xyz subject to the constraints

$$x + y + z = 40$$
 and $x + y = z$.

(10) Minimize $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the constraints

$$x + 2y + 3z = 6$$
 and $x + 3y + 4z = 9$.